Did You Know?
Knee Osteoarthritis follow-up after Platelet-rich plasma (PRP) treatment with Olea Sphere®

Take-home message

- With aging population, the rise of obesity or growing interest in sport, the frequency of degenerative cartilage pathologies is increasing.
- Except for Osteochondritis, cartilage pathologies always begin with the superficial surface layer and then extend to the depths in the cartilage matrix.
- There are several cartilage degradation systems such as ICRS (International Cartilage Repair Society) or WORMS system in MRI (both available in Olea Sphere®).

Knee Osteoarthritis (OA) is a chronic joint disease, characterized by progressive destruction of joint cartilage, leading to pain and loss of function. This pathology affects more than 39 million people in Europe and this figure will probably double by 2020.

There are three stages of Osteoarthritis:
- Early stage: joint cartilage degeneration occurs,
- Intermediate stage: onset of the first radiological signs,
- Advanced stage: full-thickness loss of cartilage and joint cartilage has disappeared.

Degenerative osteoarthritis is a chronic mechanical disease that differs from inflammatory osteoarthritis, which is an acute inflammatory disease. Diagnosis and treatments are different.
Platelet-rich plasma (PRP) is a blood derivative product. The PRP is collected from blood and isolated by centrifugation. There is no risk of rejection or allergy since blood is drawn from the patient (autologous). Patient’s own platelet that has growth and healing factors are used.

Complications

- Pain
- Functional disability (extended work leave and decreased quality of life)
- Joint infection
- Osteonecrosis
- Cardiovascular risk

Therapeutic options

- Treatment of degenerative cartilage pathologies will be carried out by pain management and/or functional repercussions
- Rest
- Weight loss
- Physiotherapy
- Medical treatment
- Orthopedic biology: an emerging technique including injections of PRP to induce regeneration
- Surgery (arthroscopy, single or multi-compartment prosthesis)

In Olea Sphere®?

The interest of knee cartilage T2 mapping has been documented in various publications and this technique is a hot topic of clinical and research studies. The cartilage application in Olea Sphere® can be used for that purpose.

To assess the response to PRP injection treatment, regions of interest (ROI) can be selected on different areas of cartilage.

Then the threshold filtering function is used to select the suitable threshold values in ms (from 10 to 38 ms according to publications Ref[1], [2], [3]); resulting cartilage volume can be then evaluated.

Comparing the current results with those prior to PRP injection make it easier to follow-up T2 values progression and the resulting cartilage volume.

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